

BANK CLERKS OBEYED ORDER

Cashier And His Assistant Tell Of Dougherty's Business Methods In Bank.

CHICAGO MAN BEFORE THE JURY

Discrepancy Shown Between Stubs Of School Board Books And The Supply Firms' Accounts Indicate Large Loss.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIBNER'S.]

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 12.—Determined to inquire still deeper into the Dougherty scandal, the grand jury called in Cashier S. O. Spring and Assistant Cashier Fred Bracken. Sensational disclosures may follow concerning loose methods of handling the school funds in the bank. Both men appeared considerably flustered when they came from the grand jury room. "Yes, we did cash school scrip made payable to Mr. Dougherty," said Assistant Cashier Bracken. "He would make out the scrip for different amounts, and we would exchange it for a draft for the same sum and turn it over to him undorsed. We supposed it was to pay off bills and thought that he sent the drafts to the creditors of the school board."

Dougherty Raised Checks.

H. J. Merle, secretary and treasurer of the A. H. Andrews Desk Supply Company of Chicago, was on the stand, and after a comparison of the books of his firm and stubs of the school board books it was found that in three years Dougherty had defrauded the school board out of \$13,000 by raising checks and using the difference between the amounts. The largest defalcation in connection with the Andrews firm was the raising of a check by Dougherty from \$13,50 to \$1,300.

With the scrip for \$13,50 he had purchased a draft for \$1,300, which had been sent to Denver and cashed by his son Ralph. Mr. Merle denied the rumor that Dougherty was in any way connected with the Andrews company. "I do not know Dougherty personally and never have come in contact with him," he said. "He must

certainly does not own any stock in the A. H. Andrews company."

Depositors in Protest.

The indorsement of Cashier S. O. Spring for receiver of the Peoria National bank by the directors at a special meeting has caused a big protest from the depositors, who declare that he shall not be placed in charge of the funds. Prominent depositors called an information meeting to denounce the action of the board of directors. Over 100 depositors gathered and in strong terms denounced the action of the directors, stating positively that they would not stand for the appointment of an officer of the bank in such a position.

The meeting ended with the appointment of a committee of three depositors, composed of Judge W. L. Stevens, J. W. O'Brien and John T. Neilson. This committee will communicate with Comptroller Ridgely in Washington and express their desire for the retention of C. H. Bosworth as permanent receiver.

Start Inquiry at Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 12.—The Springfield school board has ordered an investigation of the finances of school district and an expert accountant is to go to work on the books next week. Five years ago the then president of the board, R. D. Lawrence, was ill and it was not possible to get his signature to warrants. The plan of paying by check was adopted and since then it has been followed. Officials deny that there is any suspicion regarding the correctness of the accounts, but they want to have warrants issued in the legal way for the old transactions.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Angry Mob Lynches Negro. \$1,000 and \$500.

To Take Ocean Mails.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The government today renewed its contract with the International Marine company for carrying mails on route No. 57, mail service, New York to Southampton, England, for a period of ten years. The company will receive \$4 per mile for each outward voyage, that figure being the maximum allowed by law. The company has held the contract before.

Abandons Interurban Service.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 12.—The Chicago and Alton today abandoned its interurban service between Springfield and Carlinville. The train was put on two months ago, but has barely paid expenses.

See Vanderbilt Cup Races.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 12.—One of the largest special parties that has ever left this city starts tonight for New York under the auspices of the Buffalo Automobile Trade Association to see the Vanderbilt cup races at Hempstead, Long Island, Saturday next.

Name a Democrat.

Washington, Oct. 12.—It is learned that the President will probably appoint Franklin Lane of California, a democrat, to succeed Joseph Ely on the interstate commerce commission.

DOG SAVED HIGHLAND HOUSE FROM FLAMES

Fox Terrier "Toodles" Scented Trouble in Clothes Closet and Awoke Frank Jones Last Night.

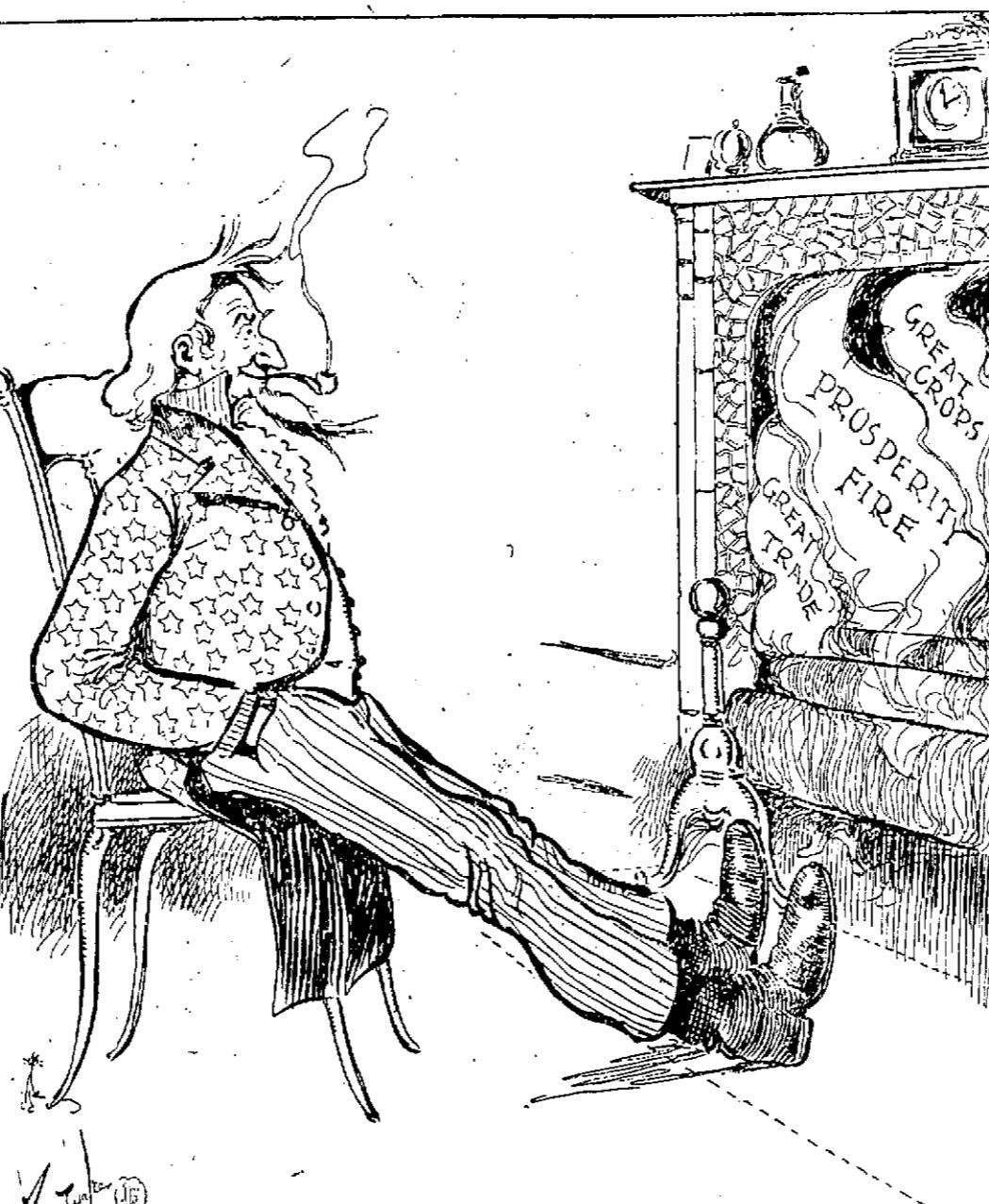
"Toodles," an intelligent fox terrier and a particular pet of Frank Jones, one of the boarders, prevented a disastrous fire which might have cost several lives at the Highland House on East Milwaukee street last evening. Everyone in the caravanary appears to have been fast asleep when, about eleven o'clock, a blaze started in a clothes closet at the far end of the second-story hallway. "Toodles" caught a suff of the smoke and reasoned—some say brute animals do not reason—that all was not as it should be. He sought the room of Mr. Jones and pawed vigorously at the recumbent figure. Mr. Jones awoke, gently pushed the dog away from the bed, and turned over to sleep again. But the dog was not to be gotten rid of thus easily. He continued his efforts more vigorously than before. When Mr. Jones showed an inclination to rise the dog ran to the door, but when he settled down again the little terrier came right back and renewed the scratching pro! Massachusetts Institute of Technology cess. It presently dawned on the that has proved unsuccessful.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Professor A. P. Peasley, a magnetic healer, arrested in Atchison, Kas., July 12 on a charge of poisoning his wife, is found not guilty.

James A. Weddel, Franklin, Ind., drayman, was accidentally shot last night by Norman Bryan and will die.

The effort to bring about a merger between Harvard University and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology has proved unsuccessful.



THESE FALL DAYS
Uncle Sam—To my idea of thinking, there ought to be plenty of comfort for everybody from that fire.

WALL ST. AWAITING JOHN D. IN NEW WIG

Wants to See How the Oil King Looks with a Supposed Natural Cranium Protection.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, Oct. 12.—James J. Hill, accompanied by Mr. Hill, who has entirely recovered from her illness, returned here today from the West to spend the winter. Wall street is also awaiting the arrival of John D. Rockefeller, who is expected within a day or two. Brokers and bankers in the Street are anxious to see the Oil King in his new wig.

OREGONIANS HOLD A HARMONY GATHERING

Republicans in Western State Wish to Follow Primary Law in Spirit as Well as Letter.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Portland, Ore., Oct. 12.—Republicans from all over the State are gathered here today for the most important meetings in their history. The State Central Committee has planned a reunion of all Republicans "who favor party harmony" and promises to see that no attempt shall be made to nullify in any degree the spirit or letter of the direct primary law.

THREE FIREMEN MAY DIE FROM INJURIES

Chicago Fire Company Struck by a Street Car—Horses Are Killed: Men Hurt.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIBNER'S.]

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 12.—Captain Jas. Corcoran, Edward Herrick and William Morton, firemen, will probably die as a result of injuries this morning received in a collision of a hosecart with a street car. Two other firemen were badly hurt. The cart was thrown thirty feet and the horses killed.

THEODORE HAPKE IS KEEPING VERY BUSY

Erecting Three Beet Sugar Factories in Different Parts of the Country.

Theodore Hapke was in the city last evening and this morning for a few hours on business. Mr. Hapke is at the present time erecting three monster beet-sugar plants—one in Madison with six-hundred-ton capacity, one in western New York state with the same capacity and one in the Salt River valley of Arizona, near Phoenix, of eight hundred tons capacity. All three of these factories are to be ready for the nineteen hundred and six beet delivery and Mr. Hapke says that he has refused contracts to erect two more factories in different parts of the country next summer. At the Madison factory, while it is the same capacity as the Rock county factory, the buildings are much larger, making it possible to increase its capacity at any time in the future when occasion demands. Mr. LaFayette Myers, who recently removed to Arizona, is in charge of the work on the Salt River valley plant.

The Northwestern sugarers will be held in St. Paul from July 26 to 29 next year. Musical organizations from various parts of the country will participate, forming a vast chorus of 6,000 voices.

BODY OF MURDERED MAN IS CUT UP AND PIECES SCATTERED

Ghastly Crime Committed in New York Boarding House—Occupant of Room Where Deed Was Done Is Arrested.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIBNER'S.]

New York, Oct. 12.—A ghastly murder was committed in a Third avenue boarding house early this morning. George Lanole, one of the boarders, at two o'clock this morning heard several shots and thought the sound came from Fred Bauer's room. He reported the occurrence to the police at eight o'clock this morning. When the police went to the room they found a suit-case containing the arms and legs of a man and the floor covered with human blood. In the clothes hamper was found the trunk of the corpse. The head was missing. Later in the day some laborers found a head which fits the mutilated trunk on a pile of dirt. Fred Bauer has been arrested, but he denies all knowledge of the crime. A bloody razor has been found.

The body was identified as that of Thomas Corcoran, who resided with his sister and her husband, John McMurrough. It was identified by the latter, who said the victim left home at eight o'clock last night with a man named John Grout, a horse salesman. So far the police have found no trace of Grout. The coroner's examination showed that Corcoran was shot through the mouth, the bullet lodging in his brain. Bauer was arraigned this afternoon.

COMITS SUICIDE BY JUMP FROM WINDOW

Man About To Be Placed on Trial for Conspiracy Kills Himself in New York.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIBNER'S.]

New York, Oct. 12.—Armitage Mathews, former alderman and formerly assistant to the district attorney, was to be placed on trial today on the charge of conspiracy in the wrecking of the Federal bank, but committed suicide this morning by jumping from the fifth story of his home, being instantly killed.

WOULD HAVE KILLED MEXICAN PRESIDENT

This is the Story that a Mexican Governor Tells the St. Louis Police.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIBNER'S.]

St. Louis, Oct. 12.—On complaint of the governor of Puebla, Mexico, de-cedives rallied the officers of the Mexican newspaper Regenerator and arrested three editors. While the charges are criminal, the governor writes that the men are plotting a revolution to murder Diaz and overthrow the government.

The Northwestern sugarers will be held in St. Paul from July 26 to 29 next year. Musical organizations from various parts of the country will participate, forming a vast chorus of 6,000 voices.

Buy It in Janesville.

MAY YET CHALLENGE FOR AMERICAN CUP

Sir Ernest Cochrane Would Have Yacht from Here Taken to England for Races.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, Oct. 12.—Sir Ernest Cochrane, the best known sporting baronet in Great Britain, with the exception of Sir Thomas Lipton, sailed for England today. He has been making a tour of the United States and is delighted with his visit. It is quite possible that Sir Ernest will be the next challenger for the America cup. He, however, objects to having the challenger brought across the ocean, which he believes damages the yacht. He thinks that Americans should build a yacht and race it in English waters, in which case he believes it would have no chance to win.

BIG MANUFACTURER DIES OF INJURIES

Patrick McGraw, Aged Sixty Three, Dies from Mysterious Wounds on Head.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Patrick McGraw, aged 63, a wealthy manufacturer, died this morning as a result of injuries mysteriously received. The police are seeking information and believe he was slugged.

GIVES TESTIMONY AS EFFICIENCY OF MEN

Who Work in the Big Coal Mines of Pennsylvania—What is Necessary.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Before the commissioners, hearing the evidence of the case of M. J. Shea, an anthracite miner, whose certificates the state's attorney of the third district of Pennsylvania, seeks to revoke, the witnesses this morning testified that no miner was competent in anthracite mines until he has at least had two years' experience. Shea was employed in bituminous mines in Illinois previous to going to Pennsylvania.

BRIGHT YOUNG LIFE ENDS THIS MORNING

Miss Alice Sanner Was Claimed by Death Shortly After Eleven O'clock Today.

After a long and painful illness extending over four years, Alice May Sanner, aged twenty-six years, passed to her eternal rest shortly after eleven o'clock this morning at the home of her mother, Mrs. Adam Sanner, 234 Lincoln street. She bore her suffering with patience and fortitude and was willing to go where the angel of death called. Miss Sanner was a young woman of many excellent qualities of character and her many friends will deeply regret that death should have terminated a life so useful and sweet to those most closely attached to her. She has gone to join her father and brother, so recently taken, leaving mother and a brother, Charles Sanner of Belvidere, Ill., to mourn her loss. The surviving relatives will receive the sympathy of their many friends. Notice of the funeral will be given later.

Escaped by a Window.

Mr. Quigley was not to be robbed of his inheritance in this unscrupulous manner. He resented the police interference. Straightway he sought several liverys and endeavored to secure a rig but a number refused, notwithstanding the fact that he had money and proved it. Finally on West Milwaukee street he found one which would rent a horse and vehicle, providing one of its drivers were sent along to do the piloting. So, about eight o'clock he tarried forth with his coachman to the castle where the imprisoned one was awaiting deliverance. She made her exit through a window and soon the reunited relatives were speeding merrily along towards Janesville again.

Uncle in Swift Pursuit.

The irate uncle did not discover the theft and get busy as quickly as they do in the story books or moving strike.

PROMISE LIGHT UPON MYSTERY

New Witnesses Have Been Called In Streed Case In Cambridge, Illinois.

DEPUTY TESTS THE POWDER BURNS

Officer Tells The Effect Of Discharging A Revolver At Various Distances From A Person Shot.

Cambridge, Ill., Oct. 12.—Another day's testimony in the inquest which is in progress to determine whether Attorney John V. Streed was murdered or committed suicide failed to penetrate the mystery. New witnesses, the nature of whose evidence the officers decline to give, have been summoned and it is believed by many of the five unexploded cartridges from each of the five unexploded cartridges in the revolver found under Streed's body, weighed about eighty-five grains. He said the bullet from a 38-caliber revolver weighs about 150 grains.

Murder Theory Is Strengthened.

No make of cartridges has been discovered, said the officer, which shows a bullet of the weight of that which killed Streed.

Frank H. Streed, brother of the dead attorney, was recalled and was asked as to certain letters said to be missing. He declared he had found no letters in his brother's effects except those which have been given the coroner. Inquiry was made from this witness as to his brother's life insurance. It was stated policies amounting to \$16,000 had been found, but on several of the mites payments had not been kept up and only \$7,000 insurance is considered good. It is in fraternal orders and one old line company.

The latter part of the afternoon was spent in obtaining testimony from friends and neighbors of the dead attorney concerning his work and disposition. Those who were on the stand were Gust Eastland, F. O. Dahlberg, Almon H. Linn, Dr. J. A. Kirkland, one of the physicians who attended the dying man, and Mrs. Nelson, a sister of Mr. Streed.

The latter part of the afternoon was spent in obtaining testimony from friends and neighbors of the dead attorney concerning his work and disposition. Those who were on the stand were Gust Eastland, F. O. Dahlberg, Almon H. Linn, Dr. J. A. Kirkland, one of the physicians who attended the dying man, and Mrs. Nelson, a sister of Mr. Streed.

Young Couple from Country Gave Thomas Welch and Sister a Merry Chase Yesterday.

Young Couple from Country Gave Thomas Welch and Sister a Merry Chase Yesterday.

Rome had a decidedly commonplace finish in the case of one William Quigley and a Miss Kennedy, who were pursued to Janesville by an irate uncle of the girl last evening. They were located at the Railroad hotel by Officer Fanning at an early hour this morning, both registered independently of one another and still enjoying or fretting under single blessedness, as the case may have been.

Dramatis Personae.

The girl, a blonde of 21 summers, is the daughter of Mrs. Kennedy, who lives with her brother, Thomas Welch, on his farm west of Janesville. She has been working recently at the McElroy farm. William Quigley, who is a man about thirty-three or four years of age, with a dark mustache and beard, is employed on premises nearby and has become a devoted admirer of Miss Kennedy. His attentions, however, have not been approved by the mother and uncle of the young woman and they have not hesitated to say plainly that they did not regard him as a worthy young man.

Police Put Cupid to Rout.

Yesterday Mrs. Kennedy drove to the McLay farm, got her daughter and brought her to Janesville to do some shopping. The move appears to have been observed by Mr. Quigley, who forthwith decided that he had something to do in this city late in the afternoon. As soon as Mrs. Kennedy caught sight of the man she called upon Officers Brown and Beneke to interfere and use their efforts to induce the girl to have nothing to do with him and go right home with her. It required considerable argument, but the girl finally agreed and back they went to the Welch instead of the McLay home.

Escaped by a Window.

Mr. Quigley was not to be robbed of his inheritance in this unscrupulous manner. He resented the police interference. Straightway he sought several liverys and endeavored to secure a rig but a number refused, notwithstanding the fact that he had money and

ROOSEVELT IS NOT WEAKENING

ON HIS STAND TAKEN ON RAIL-
ROAD RATE QUESTION.

OTHER WASHINGTON GOSSIP

M. G. Jeffris Mentioned in National
Capital as Successor to
Congressman Cooper.

(by William Wolf Smith.)

Special Correspondence.

Washington, D. C.—A tremendous revival of interest in the railroad rate problem has followed the return of President Roosevelt to Washington and his conferences with Senators and Representatives on the subject. Through the summer skillful efforts were assiduously made to create the impression that Roosevelt had changed his views and, realizing the opposition which his renewed championing of rate regulation would arouse in Congress, would refrain from pursuing his efforts to secure government regulation of rates and utilize his energy in other directions. Warnings that to press the matter meant party discord fraught with the possibility of loss of personal prestige by defeat at the hands of Congress, and that the strife might be the undoing of his party, were conveyed to the President during the summer, delicately in cases of personal contact and bluntly through the medium of the press. Railroad presidents, corporation attorneys and others have flooded the country with predictions of dire happenings to the people, the country and the Republican party unless the railroads were "let alone" and flattered themselves that the President had been influenced thereby.

It is consequently with much chagrin that they note their wasted efforts and, awakening to the fact that Mr. Roosevelt has not changed his mind but on the contrary is more strongly convinced than ever of the necessity of the government taking a hand in the fixing of railroad rates at the earliest possible moment, they have turned attention to the hopeless task of fomenting a spirit of rebellion on the part of Congress. The railroads are, however, confronted by this unpleasant feature, that it is almost impossible for them to win a single supporter from the President's policy while many of their friends are weakening. That they will be able to delay action is probable, and that they may make such a show of force as to compel a compromise is possible, but some action by Congress in the direction so urgently desired by three fourths of the people seems at this time inevitable.

To Representative Townsend, of Michigan, Representative Prince of Illinois and others who have recently called on him, President Roosevelt has reiterated his views on the regulation of railroad rates but has discreetly refrained from making a public statement of them. Nor is it likely he will do so as he has taken the ground that when Congress convenes he will say what he has to say in terms which cannot be misunderstood, using the annual message as a vehicle to express his thoughts. A characteristic Rooseveltian expression of opinion, bold, frank, and fearless, on the rate question is therefore anticipated.

Meanwhile the fallacious theory industriously promulgated by the railroad bureaus that commercial organizations have been converted wholesale and will hereafter oppose instead of support the President's policy, has received a tremendous setback by the action of such bodies as the National Wholesale Druggists' Association, and National Carriage Builders' Association and similar organizations who have recently vigorously demanded rate legislation.

Senator Cullom of Illinois, the sage chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, is serenely confident of re-election. "I feel that the people of Illinois are with me, and I am confident that I shall be returned," said he. "I said four years ago that if the people of the State were with

Piles 14 Years

TERRIBLE CASE CURED PAIN-
LESSLY WITH ONE TREAT-
MENT OF PYRAMID
PILE CURE.

Free Package in Plain Wrapper Mailed
to Everyone Who Writes.

"I have been a terrible sufferer of piles for fourteen (14) years and during all this time you can have an idea of how many kinds of medicine I tried. But I found no relief whatever. I felt there must be something that could cure me without having to undergo an operation which might kill me."

"Now, after trying but one treatment of your 'Pyramids,' I am free to tell all sufferers of this dreadful disease to try this medicine—the Pyramid Pile Cure. It will cure when all others fail. Sincerely yours, George Branagh, Schellburg, Pa."

Any one suffering from the terrible torture, burning and itching of piles, will get instant relief from the treatment we send out free, at our own expense, in plain sealed package, to everyone sending name and address.

Surical operation for piles is suicide, cruel, unnecessary and rarely a permanent success. Here you can get a treatment that is quick, easy to apply and inexpensive, and free from the publicity and humiliation you suffer by doctors' examination.

Pyramid Pile Cure is made in the form of "easy to use" suppositories. The coming of a cure is felt the moment you begin to use it, and your suffering ends.

Send your name and address at once to Pyramid Drug Co., Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and get, by return mail, the treatment we will send you free, in plain, sealed wrapper.

After seeing for yourself what it can do, you can get a regular, full-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure from any druggist at 50 cents each, or on receipt of price, we will mail you same ourselves if he should not have it.

me the legislature would receive me. I think that the sentiment in my favor is even stronger this time. At the beginning of the campaign I announced that there would be no scrapping for the place, that I should conduct my campaign on a higher plane. I still adhere to that intention, and I came here to Washington to go to work. I shall remain until next June, with one interruption: I shall attend the installation of President James at the University of Illinois during this month. As for Governor Deacon's position in this campaign, he will keep his hands off. He has said that he will remain on neutral ground and not throw his entire strength to any one."

Nevertheless, Mr. Cullom will keep in close touch with the Illinois situation and is expected to deal with it in the somewhat unusual though not infrequent method of eliminating competition by means of official recognition. For instance, as Ex-Governor Filor of Illinois will resign from the Interstate Commerce Commission, Lawrence Y. Shearman, Lieutenant Governor of Illinois, will probably replace Uncle Shetley's support and land the plum, while Hamlin of Chicago may be retained as a special attorney to assist in the prosecution of the beef packers.

Illustrating the prodigious wastefulness incidental to the publication of government documents, "Charley" Lauts, chairman of the House Committee on Printing, tells of a member of Congress who received his quota of books on irrigation, bound and profusely illustrated. None of his constituents having an interest in irrigation he did not care to load the mails with the documents and offered to give them to any one who would haul them away. Having sought in vain for a recipient he finally employed a porter to carry them off and destroy them. Nor is this an extreme case. I remember one instance where a member of Congress, retiring from the political arena, found to his amazement that he had more than 30,000 bound volumes of one kind and another to his credit in the House folding room. They had never been drawn by him and consequently had been accumulating during his term of office.

Representative E. L. Taylor, Jr., of the Columbus, Ohio, district, who is serving his first term in Congress, has been in Washington on departmental business. Mr. Taylor surrendered his position as prosecuting attorney to make the race against Representative Badger, whom he defeated. Mr. Taylor endorsed Senator Dick's resume of the Ohio situation when he said that the Democrats always carry Ohio in September and the Republicans in November, when the elections take place. Twelve years ago there were three Taylors from Ohio in Congress at the same time, but since then Representative Taylor is the first of that same name to be elected, although Taylor of Ohio served several terms in Congress until he resigned to go on the Federal bench.

A good story concerning Senator Piles of Washington has been brought here by T. B. Hardin, of Seattle, who related it to a party at the Arlington a few nights ago. "At an early stage in his career as a lawyer, our new Senator, Hon. Sam Piles, of whom all the people of Washington State are exceedingly fond, made a reputation for cleverness and quickness of decision in an emergency that started him on his subsequent pathway to professional and political fame," said Hardin.

The future Senator was at that time located in the logging town of Snohomish on the river of the same name and a place frequented by all sorts and conditions of rough rivermen who made a living by the boatload of logs. It seems that shortly after his arrival he was called on to defend a fellow who was charged with the larceny of some stuff from a flat boat and who sent for Piles at a most critical time. An old justice of the peace before whom the alleged thief had been brought happened to be the possessor of a volume of the United States statutes, from which he gathered the idea that the accused man had perpetrated the crime of piracy on the high seas. The punishment for this heinous crime was death, and while in the act of pronouncing that dread doom young Mr. Piles reached the scene.

"It took only a minute to see that rapid action was necessary. Assuming a severe look and speaking in a loud and menacing voice, he told the justice that he had made the colossal blunder of trying the prisoner under the Federal statutes instead of under the laws of the State; that by so doing he had trespassed upon the authority of the United States court, and that if the matter were to come to the attention of the federal judge it would mean the forfeiture of the justice's office, if not a term in the penitentiary. So emphatic was Piles in his statement that the justice, turning white as a sheet, begged him in God's name to desist and immediately set Piles' client free. From that day to this Sam Piles has never waited business, and for many years before his election to the United States Senate he was by common consent acknowledged one of the foremost lawyers of the Pacific coast."

The revelations last week of the astounding degree to which nepotism has been carried in the administration of the affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has given impetus to the movement favoring federal control. The situation is very difficult to understand. On the one hand it is urged as a means of ridding the insurance companies of the evils with which they have been afflicted that they be subjected to federal control. The natural presumption would be that this would be in the interest of the policyholders, but on the other hand the fact that the Mutual Life was the prime mover in the direction of federal control seems to give the case another complexion. That Mr. McCurdy would delegate special Counsel Beck to urge federal control for life insurance companies if it were to be accomplished by such a revision of methods as would shake loose the various sons, sons-in-law, cousins, nephews and other relatives who barnacle-like encrusted the Mutual, does not sound reasonable. Snaps that pay one fam-

ily in salaries and commissions same five million dollars in twenty years, to say nothing of reduced house rent, traveling expenses and the like, are not deliberately thrown away. We must therefore look further for an actuating cause to which the strong desire on the part of these companies for control by the federal government may be properly ascribed. Is it possible McCall, McCurdy and others believe it easier to deal with the federal government than with the legislatures and insurance departments of the states and territories? And in this case does "easier" mean "cheaper?"

Illustrating the prodigious wastefulness incidental to the publication of government documents, "Charley" Lauts, chairman of the House Committee on Printing, tells of a member of Congress who received his quota of books on irrigation, bound and profusely illustrated. None of his constituents having an interest in irrigation he did not care to load the mails with the documents and offered to give them to any one who would haul them away. Having sought in vain for a recipient he finally employed a porter to carry them off and destroy them. Nor is this an extreme case. I remember one instance where a member of Congress, retiring from the political arena, found to his amazement that he had more than 30,000 bound volumes of one kind and another to his credit in the House folding room. They had never been drawn by him and consequently had been accumulating during his term of office.

Representative E. L. Taylor, Jr., of the Columbus, Ohio, district, who is serving his first term in Congress, has been in Washington on departmental business. Mr. Taylor surrendered his position as prosecuting attorney to make the race against Representative Badger, whom he defeated. Mr. Taylor endorsed Senator Dick's resume of the Ohio situation when he said that the Democrats always carry Ohio in September and the Republicans in November, when the elections take place. Twelve years ago there were three Taylors from Ohio in Congress at the same time, but since then Representative Taylor is the first of that same name to be elected, although Taylor of Ohio served several terms in Congress until he resigned to go on the Federal bench.

A good story concerning Senator Piles of Washington has been brought here by T. B. Hardin, of Seattle, who related it to a party at the Arlington a few nights ago. "At an early stage in his career as a lawyer, our new Senator, Hon. Sam Piles, of whom all the people of Washington State are exceedingly fond, made a reputation for cleverness and quickness of decision in an emergency that started him on his subsequent pathway to professional and political fame," said Hardin.

The future Senator was at that time located in the logging town of Snohomish on the river of the same name and a place frequented by all sorts and conditions of rough rivermen who made a living by the boatload of logs. It seems that shortly after his arrival he was called on to defend a fellow who was charged with the larceny of some stuff from a flat boat and who sent for Piles at a most critical time. An old justice of the peace before whom the alleged thief had been brought happened to be the possessor of a volume of the United States statutes, from which he gathered the idea that the accused man had perpetrated the crime of piracy on the high seas. The punishment for this heinous crime was death, and while in the act of pronouncing that dread doom young Mr. Piles reached the scene.

"It took only a minute to see that rapid action was necessary. Assuming a severe look and speaking in a loud and menacing voice, he told the justice that he had made the colossal blunder of trying the prisoner under the Federal statutes instead of under the laws of the State; that by so doing he had trespassed upon the authority of the United States court, and that if the matter were to come to the attention of the federal judge it would mean the forfeiture of the justice's office, if not a term in the penitentiary. So emphatic was Piles in his statement that the justice, turning white as a sheet, begged him in God's name to desist and immediately set Piles' client free. From that day to this Sam Piles has never waited business, and for many years before his election to the United States Senate he was by common consent acknowledged one of the foremost lawyers of the Pacific coast."

The revelations last week of the astounding degree to which nepotism has been carried in the administration of the affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has given impetus to the movement favoring federal control. The situation is very difficult to understand. On the one hand it is urged as a means of ridding the insurance companies of the evils with which they have been afflicted that they be subjected to federal control. The natural presumption would be that this would be in the interest of the policyholders, but on the other hand the fact that the Mutual Life was the prime mover in the direction of federal control seems to give the case another complexion. That Mr. McCurdy would delegate special Counsel Beck to urge federal control for life insurance companies if it were to be accomplished by such a revision of methods as would shake loose the various sons, sons-in-law, cousins, nephews and other relatives who barnacle-like encrusted the Mutual, does not sound reasonable. Snaps that pay one fam-

ily in salaries and commissions same five million dollars in twenty years, to say nothing of reduced house rent, traveling expenses and the like, are not deliberately thrown away. We must therefore look further for an actuating cause to which the strong desire on the part of these companies for control by the federal government may be properly ascribed. Is it possible McCall, McCurdy and others believe it easier to deal with the federal government than with the legislatures and insurance departments of the states and territories? And in this case does "easier" mean "cheaper?"

Illustrating the prodigious wastefulness incidental to the publication of government documents, "Charley" Lauts, chairman of the House Committee on Printing, tells of a member of Congress who received his quota of books on irrigation, bound and profusely illustrated. None of his constituents having an interest in irrigation he did not care to load the mails with the documents and offered to give them to any one who would haul them away. Having sought in vain for a recipient he finally employed a porter to carry them off and destroy them. Nor is this an extreme case. I remember one instance where a member of Congress, retiring from the political arena, found to his amazement that he had more than 30,000 bound volumes of one kind and another to his credit in the House folding room. They had never been drawn by him and consequently had been accumulating during his term of office.

Representative E. L. Taylor, Jr., of the Columbus, Ohio, district, who is serving his first term in Congress, has been in Washington on departmental business. Mr. Taylor surrendered his position as prosecuting attorney to make the race against Representative Badger, whom he defeated. Mr. Taylor endorsed Senator Dick's resume of the Ohio situation when he said that the Democrats always carry Ohio in September and the Republicans in November, when the elections take place. Twelve years ago there were three Taylors from Ohio in Congress at the same time, but since then Representative Taylor is the first of that same name to be elected, although Taylor of Ohio served several terms in Congress until he resigned to go on the Federal bench.

A good story concerning Senator Piles of Washington has been brought here by T. B. Hardin, of Seattle, who related it to a party at the Arlington a few nights ago. "At an early stage in his career as a lawyer, our new Senator, Hon. Sam Piles, of whom all the people of Washington State are exceedingly fond, made a reputation for cleverness and quickness of decision in an emergency that started him on his subsequent pathway to professional and political fame," said Hardin.

The future Senator was at that time located in the logging town of Snohomish on the river of the same name and a place frequented by all sorts and conditions of rough rivermen who made a living by the boatload of logs. It seems that shortly after his arrival he was called on to defend a fellow who was charged with the larceny of some stuff from a flat boat and who sent for Piles at a most critical time. An old justice of the peace before whom the alleged thief had been brought happened to be the possessor of a volume of the United States statutes, from which he gathered the idea that the accused man had perpetrated the crime of piracy on the high seas. The punishment for this heinous crime was death, and while in the act of pronouncing that dread doom young Mr. Piles reached the scene.

"It took only a minute to see that rapid action was necessary. Assuming a severe look and speaking in a loud and menacing voice, he told the justice that he had made the colossal blunder of trying the prisoner under the Federal statutes instead of under the laws of the State; that by so doing he had trespassed upon the authority of the United States court, and that if the matter were to come to the attention of the federal judge it would mean the forfeiture of the justice's office, if not a term in the penitentiary. So emphatic was Piles in his statement that the justice, turning white as a sheet, begged him in God's name to desist and immediately set Piles' client free. From that day to this Sam Piles has never waited business, and for many years before his election to the United States Senate he was by common consent acknowledged one of the foremost lawyers of the Pacific coast."

The revelations last week of the astounding degree to which nepotism has been carried in the administration of the affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has given impetus to the movement favoring federal control. The situation is very difficult to understand. On the one hand it is urged as a means of ridding the insurance companies of the evils with which they have been afflicted that they be subjected to federal control. The natural presumption would be that this would be in the interest of the policyholders, but on the other hand the fact that the Mutual Life was the prime mover in the direction of federal control seems to give the case another complexion. That Mr. McCurdy would delegate special Counsel Beck to urge federal control for life insurance companies if it were to be accomplished by such a revision of methods as would shake loose the various sons, sons-in-law, cousins, nephews and other relatives who barnacle-like encrusted the Mutual, does not sound reasonable. Snaps that pay one fam-

FOOD COMMISSION STATES ITS SIDE

OBJECTS TO HEAD LINES IN MON-
DAY'S GAZETTE.

A NEW PHASE OF QUESTION

J. Q. Emery Writes to The Gazette
Relative to the Local Butch-
ers' Troubles.

State Dairy and Food Commissioner

J. Q. Emery feels that an injustice

has been done both himself and the

state dairy and food commission in

an article published in the Gazette on

Monday relative to the arrest of four

local butchers for selling sausage al-

leged to contain coloring matter and

boric acid or salts thereof. The head-

ing used, "May Overstep Their Au-

thority,"

Mr. Emery feels is misleading

to the public and he sends the

following communication to the Gazette.

Editor Janesville Daily Gazette,

Janesville, Wis.

Dear Sir: My attention has been

called to an article in the Daily Gazette

for Tuesday, October 10, with the

heading "May Overstep Their Au-

thority."

Following that heading is a

"write-up" of the prosecution

brought in the municipal court of

Janesville, by my assistant, Mr. J.

G. Moore, against certain Janesville

meat dealers, for selling adulterated

sausages. I submit, Mr. Editor, that

there is nothing in the statement made

in the article to warrant the heading

"May Overstep Their Authority."

This commission knows its authority

and has not the slightest inclination to

"overstep" it. There is vastly more

work than we can do within our legal

authority without seeking fields or

THE BIRTH

of the Genuine Round Oak thirty-four years ago marked the change in heating of stoves from crudity to perfection. No other stove will burn all kinds of fuel with economy, success and satisfaction to the user.

In using coal, for instance, it has a double fire pot with cone-center grate, which prevents the formation of clinkers and gives the hottest fire around the outside of fire pot, instead of in the center.

It has a hot blast, used for soft coal only.

The air is taken in at the feed door, carried around the top of the fire pot and discharged on top of fire through a series of openings. This burns the soot and gasses, and makes the smoke white, thus a steady, even fire can be maintained with the hot blast alone, burning coal from the top-downward.

Then, for hard coal with or without magnesia, and coke or wood, it is equally successful.

You simply cannot afford to pass the ROUND OAK by, if you need a heating stove.

Always look for the name "ROUND OAK" on the leg. There are hundreds of imitations.

H. L. McNAMARA

WANT ADS.

WANTED—First class mechanists and sheet iron workers. None but sober men need apply. Galena Iron Works Co., Galena, Ill.

WANTED—Root crop immediate, wheat \$25 to \$30 per month also dining room girls and competent girls for general house-work. Mrs. E. M. McCarthy, 276 W. Milwaukee St.

WANTED—A strong boy who desires to learn the printing trade. Good place for over-gate boy, Gazette office.

WANTED—Immediately—An energetic man or woman to represent a large manufacturing house. Good salary. Address G. Humphrey, General Delivery, Janesville.

WANTED—Work in boat harvest by an experienced boat topper. Wm. J. St. 77 Pearl Street.

WANTED—Carpet work. All work guaranteed. C. Burns. Large orders at reliable bicycle shop; old phone 3014.

WANTED—Men to pile and drag boats. Labor of Mary E. Taylor, Milton Avenue.

WANTED—Strong boy at Gazette office, also boy to run errands.

WANTED—A ton of manure for stock farm of 200 acres near Janesville. For particulars inquire at clothing store of S. D. Grubb.

WANTED—Sewing by the day, or to go out. 104 North Academy St.

WANTED, to rent, 5 or 10 acres of land on Janesville. For further information address D. G. Gatzke, 1000 N. Main Street, or inquire at 137 Milton Avenue.

HELP WANTED—Male. Installment collector for outstanding accounts and general expenses. Address manager, P. O. Box 1021, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Mechanists of all kinds. Apply to Finkbeiner-Morse Mfg. Co., Beloit, Wis.

WANTED—Comestive girl for housework, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Mrs. Francis C. Grant, 51 Corsega St.

WANTED—Girl about twenty years of age, good light office work. Apply to Gazette office.

WANTED—Boarders at 161 Prospect Avenue.

WANTED TO BUY—A small second hand cook stove. Must have good oven. State price wanted. Address M. G. Gatzke.

WANTED—Bricklayer at the C. H. Boley works, Beloit, Wis.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Eight room house in good repair; city and soft water; gas. Inquire at 116 Corsega street.

FOR RENT—House and barn, 333 Court St. Inquire on premises.

FOR RENT, Nov. 1st—Four-room flat; bath and water. Inquire at Holmstreet's drug store.

FOR RENT—House, 18 S. Main street; gas, bath room, city and soft water. Apply at Dr. Wards office.

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, bath, city and soft water and gas. Corner of Center Avenue and Galena St. Inquire at 208 Center Avenue.

FOR RENT—A five room ground floor flat. Inquire at 10 South Franklin St.

FOR RENT—Six-room house, with or without bath. Inquire at 233 Court St.

FOR RENT—Two-room flat; bath and soft water. Inquire at 151 Racine street.

FOR RENT—Three pleasant unfurnished rooms. E. N. Freeland, 37 S. Main St.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with gas, bath and furnace heat. On Prospect Avenue and North Birch street.

FOR RENT—Large room on Milwaukee, on the floor of Phoebe's block and opposite Kimball's furniture store. This is a very pleasant room, being lighted with electricity and heated with hot water and gas. Good bed, table, chair, desk, chair, and a small chair. Price \$10 per month. Address Mrs. Scott or Scott & Sonman, Room 28 Phoebe's block.

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms on the ground floor; gas stove furnished. 267 S. Beloit street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Old papers for carpets, shelves for wrapping furniture at Gazette office.

ANNUAL CITY TAXES.

Published by authority of the common council of the city of Janesville, Office of the City Treasurer, Janesville, Wis., October 26, 1905.

FOR SALE—Household furniture; 1 large-sized range, wood one year; heating stoves; 1 gas stove; dishes; cutlery; fruit; also a good coat. E. Heller, 258 S. Main St.

FOR SALE—A bargain in a farm, 35 acres, within a few miles from Elkhart, Ind. 23 acres under cultivation; 45 acres bar oak; 40 acres bottom land, first class for tree raising; 26 acres pasture; 40 acres woodland; 10 acres woods; 100 acres in the grade of corn, in pastures, with nine-room house, woodshed, ice house, smoke house, corn crib, two large barns and sheep barn; 10 miles from the station on Big Four in Elkhart, Ind. The farm part very reasonable. A spring water creek running directly across the whole property. Address A. W. Allen 1022 Tribune Bldg., Chicago.

OFFICIAL NOTICE

ANNUAL CITY TAXES.

Published by authority of the common council of the city of Janesville, Office of the City Treasurer, Janesville, Wis., October 26, 1905.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The tax rolls and warrant for collection of city taxes for the year 1905 are now in my hands for collection and all persons interested are requested to make payment thereof at the office of the City Treasurer in the city of Janesville, or the same will be collected at the cost and expense of the persons liable for the payment of said taxes.

JAS. A. FATHERS,
Treasurer City of Janesville.

=FORTY YEARS AGO=

Janesville Daily Gazette, Thursday, October 12, 1863.—The Madison telegraphic correspondent of the Chicago Journal, says in a dispatch in reference to the synod now in session in that city:

"The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Charles Thompson of Janesville, one of the most talented young men in the state. It contained severe criticisms of the follies in the fashionable churches.

CITY ITEMS.—A branch of an apple tree, about a foot in length, left in our office by Mr. G. A. Slocum, had on it six apples which weighed three pounds. Who can make a better 'bough' than that?

THE CASE OF ARBITRATION which we spoke of a day or two since, involved, we understand, about \$90. The expense of deciding the case is likely to reach at least about \$150.

PERSONAL.—We copy the following complimentary allusion to a gentleman well known in this city, from the Leavenworth Observator:

Companies F, H, K, and L, of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, left on the Emile last evening for their homes in Wisconsin, under command of Capt. Pond. That State may be proud of the regiment to which these compa-

Labor Notes

ies belong. They came to our State early in the struggles of our Government, and have deported themselves nobly in every emergency. The companies alluded to have been stationed on the southwest border of Missouri, near Fort Scott, most of the time for the past three years and have done gallant service in operating against the guerrillas in that locality. During the years of 1863 and '64 they occupied the country between Fort Scott to Neosho and Cow Skin rivers, Capt. Pond having discretionary command of that entire range of country, operating against the notorious Quantral, Livingston, Humboldt and Marchbanks, who, when mustered, could concentrate a force five times their number. At Baxter Springs, October 6th, 1863, with part of companies C and D (now H and I) of this regiment, Capt. Pond fought and repulsed Quantral with five hundred men; and the many other brave exploits of this little band will be held in graceful memory by the citizens of Kansas and Missouri in the dark hour of trouble and danger. Capt. Pond has many warm friends here, particularly among members of the 'art preservative' of which he is an honorable representative, who regret his departure and earnestly hope that he may return for a permanent abode in our city.

A law recently passed by the last Massachusetts legislature will prevent the employment, after January 1, in factories, work shops, and mercantile establishments, of illiterate minors between the ages of fourteen and sixteen.

The modifications of the law of June 19, 1902, governing the employment of women and children, recently brought before the Italian Chamber of Deputies, provide for new regulations which will be of interest in industrial America. The new regulations provide that children of either sex under 12 years will be allowed to work in any factory or mine. This provision is practically extended also to any trade.

THE MONITOR, the official organ of the Belgian Government, has just published a decree prescribing the precautionary measures to be observed by owners of workshops to safeguard the health of the employees and to provide against accidents to them.

More than 2,000 people are living in Paris by fortune-telling, and their total yearly earnings are estimated at \$2,000,000.

Some time ago the British Columbia Parliament enacted a law forbidding the employment of Chinamen in mining underground.

THE WAGE SCALE of the metal workers and machinists in the locomotive repair shops of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in Baltimore has been revised, resulting in an advance, of ten to twenty cents a day. This advance affects about 3,700 men, and means an increase in the payroll of the company of about \$150,000 a year.

ORGANIZED LABOR is planning again to have a Chicago bank. The Commonwealth Trust and Savings Bank has been chartered by the State, and directors are to be elected soon.

John Mitchell has ended a very successful organizing tour of the Schuykill coal regions.

THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL revised its constitution at Denver, Colo., recently. The principal revision is in regard to public works.

THE LAST PAY-DAY at the Carnegie works in and around Pittsburgh, Pa., was the largest in the history of the concern. It is estimated that \$2,000,000 were paid out to workmen.

THE SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL has passed a resolution censuring certain local Police Court Judges for their failure to enforce the Child Labor law.

CLEANSE YOUR SYSTEM of all impurities. Now is the time to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will make you well and keep you well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

John R. Flager and wife to James H. Burns \$6400 w¹/₂ sw¹/₄ sec 27 Janesville.

Harry J. Eddy and wife to Cern Rasmussen \$1800 s¹/₂ lot 1 & n¹/₂ lot 12-2 Hopkins Add Beloit.

Andrew Erickson and wife to E. M. Ladd \$2000 lot in city of Edgerton.

Margaret Colby to Eva S. Evans \$1 for 29 Evans & Spencer's Add Evansville.

Nathaniel S. Austin and wife to Margaret Colby \$250 lot 29 Evans & Spencer's Add Evansville.

Warron D. Macey et al to M. H. Wilcox & G. A. Nichols \$2500 lot in sec 35 city of Beloit.

Frank Fischer to C. & N. W. R. Co. \$50 pt w¹/₂ w¹/₂ se¹/₄ sec 16 Janesville.

Walter Apfel et al to John Apfel \$1500 lot G-14 Original Plat Evansville.

THE SUPREME SENATE of the Ancient Emetic Order, at its meeting in Cincinnati, Ohio, yesterday, elected Harry Weller Hutchins of Cincinnati supreme senator.

A MODERN BATHROOM is a necessity and it should be equipped with "Standard" Ware. We handle "Standard" plumbing fixtures, and will gladly quote prices.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifl with and endanger the Health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Castoria
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

If You Wash Work Clothes
wash them the easy way. Peosta suds loosen the dirt with an hour's soaking and the rest is easy. Washing overalls, heavy shirts, jeans, and the like, is drudgery the old way, but simple enough with Peosta. Go to your grocer today and get five bars of Peosta for 25 cents.

Use Beach's Peosta Soap

Beach's Hand Soap
heals rough hands.

Do You Hesitate
to make your home comfortable, because you think the expense connected with it will be considerable? If you are trying to save money by not having the necessary home comforts, you are doing injustice to yourself and your family.

A modern bathroom is a necessity and it should be equipped with "Standard" Ware. We handle "Standard" plumbing fixtures, and will gladly quote prices.

F. E. GREEN, Plumber,

SUITS AT POPULAR PRICES

New up-to-date Suits at every price from \$12¹/₂ to \$35, but today your attention is called to three special values just in from New York.

Grey novelty material, coat 45 inches long, and lined to the waist, inlaid velvet collar, pleated skirt; special at \$13¹/₂.

Handsome grey novelty mixture Suit, coat 48 inches long, with velvet collar and cuffs, satin lined to the waist, skirt full pleated; special at \$18.

Lymansville Cheviot Suit in black, coat 50 inches long, heavy satin lined to the waist; skirt is pleated; coat has self collar and cuffs. Special at \$18.

New Coats. New Skirts. Millinery—Always the latest here.

D. M. GREEN & CO.
DRY GOODS

There are better tenants to be had than you have ever had—so don't "turn a hair" over the loss of a poor one. Just advertise.

BRIEF NEWS FROM OLD ROCK.

ARMY PRIVATE VISITING
PARENTS IN EVANSVILLE;
FIRST TIME IN FOUR YEARS

Mrs. Mary Wadsworth And H. A. Babcock Married In Rockford—Other Evansville News. [SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Evansville, Oct. 12.—Mr. Clarence Roby, who is a private in the regular army is paying a visit to his parental home in this city. He has been staying at Fort Riley, Kansas, and this is his first visit home for over four years.

Told Of Jerusalem.

Mrs. Della Bennett gave a very interesting talk on her trip to Jerusalem in the Congregational church Sunday evening.

Wadsworth-Babcock.

Mr. H. A. Babcock and Mrs. Mary Wadsworth, both of this city, were married in Rockford Monday.

Personal Paragraphs.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Blood of Milwaukee are visiting their many friends in this city, their former home.

Chester Roberts, the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Roberts, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is slowly improving.

J. H. Nicholson of Janesville transacted business in this city Monday.

The Western Medicine Co. are giving entertainments in the Opera House every evening this week.

Elmer Bullard has returned from spending several weeks in the eastern states.

Mr. George Winston of Frederick, S. Dakota, is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Mrs. Ed. Sargent went to Janesville Tuesday afternoon to spend a few days with relatives.

Evander Blakeley has returned to his home in California after spending a few weeks in this city.

Mrs. Dave Wheeler and little son of Madison were guests Monday and Tuesday at the home of Willis Seares.

Mrs. Geo. H. Clarke took her departure recently for an extended visit with her mother, who resides in Hendersonville, North Carolina.

Mrs. Eva Webb left recently for a visit with relatives in Iowa.

STRAW STACK BURNS FROM FLAMES IGNITED BY SPARKS FROM PASSING LOCOMOTIVE

East Center, Oct. 11—Sparks from the engine set fire to a straw stack at Charles Gary's just as they had finished threshing, and burned it to the ground.

The ladies of the Ladies' Aid worked at the parsonage last Wednesday.

The following pupils of District No. 8 have been neither absent nor tardy during the month ending October 6.

Flora Boothroyd, Veva Boothroyd, Millie Herrick, Marie Hansen, Johnnie Mathison, Glenn Peach and Lloyd Peach.

The apple social at Mr. Wm. Gardner's was a success socially and financially.

Thirteen men responded to the work of repairing the church-sheds and parsonage last Saturday, and a good lot of work was done.

Rev. Van Horn of Albion occupied the pulpit in the Congregational church in Fulton last Sunday morning and evening.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

EAST CENTER

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Susie Pusple is entertaining a cousin and her little boy from Chicago.

Charles Brown hauled four loads of barley to parties in Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Demrow visited with friends in East Center Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyons is visiting her daughter in Edgerton.

Mrs. Charles Crall attended a meeting of the Grange Society in West Center Saturday.

School is progressing finely undercounty spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

Mob Lacks a Leader.

Appleton, Wis., Oct. 12.—Guarded by police and deputy sheriffs, Wenzel Kibot, alleged murderer of Michael McCarthy, was taken to Kaukauna in a special car. A mob of several hundred threatened to lynch him, but lacking a leader no concerted action was attempted.

Pat Crowe Waives Hearing.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 12.—When the preliminary hearing of Pat Crowe, alleged kidnaper of Eddie Cudahy, was called before Police Judge Berka, Crowe waived that formality and was bound over to the district court in \$5,000 bail.

Kaiser's Son to Wed Duchess.

Glucksburg, Oct. 12.—The engagement of Prince Eitel Frederick, second son of Emperor William, to the Duchess Sophie Charlotte, eldest daughter of the reigning grand duke of Oldenburg, is announced.

The Fisherman's Special, Chicago & North-Western Railway. This fast train leaves Chicago at

Anderson
Again Golf
Champion

Record Breaking Career
of Professional Who Recently Won Open Title
For Fourth Time—He
Is the Harry Vardon
of America.

Great Britain has its Vardon, America its Anderson. The eleventh annual open championship of the United States Golf Association was finished recently over the links of the Myopia Hunt club, Hamilton, Mass., and Will Anderson of Applewood (Iowa, N. Y.) won with a 72 hole total of 314.

It was back in 1897 at Chicago, when a boy in his teens, that Anderson first sprang into prominence by getting second money to Joe Floyd in the championship of that year, the last one to be decided at 30 holes. Four years later Willie won his first title and, oddly enough, at Myopia, the scene of his latest triumph. For the last three years he has been well nigh invincible, winning in succession at Baltusrol, Morris County, N. J.; Glenview, near Chicago, and Myopia.

Mr. F. M. Roberts is spending some time in Michigan.

SOUTH SPRING VALLEY

South Spring Valley, Oct. 11.—The yield was satisfactory. A few pumpkins and many squashes.

Messrs. E. J. Fitch and Nelson Olin gathered fifty pumpkins and ninety-five squashes from a piece of ground one and one-half rods square.

Miss Little Castater spent Sunday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Arnold of Afton were guests of Glen Condon on Sunday.

Mrs. Ole Olson spent Friday at Ollie's Linden's.

Mrs. Robinson of Avon spent Friday with Mrs. L. L. Castater.

Messrs. E. M. and L. L. Castater are very busy just now finishing odd jobs of threshing. They use a gasoline engine.

Mr. Morris Springstead and Wallace Benscoter of Brodhead are painting at Andrew Shirley's.

Mesdames Ole Vek and Tom Everson left on Monday for Minneapolis to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Olin called on his mother last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Stavadahl were in Orderville on Monday.

CENTER

Center, Oct. 11.—Light frost last night; first of the season.

James Roherdy has the foundation laid for a new house.

Miss Hattie Dean of Janesville is visiting in Center and Footville.

Eli Crall and son have recently added twenty-six thoroughbred Shropshire sheep to their flock.

Wilbur, Jr. and Clifford Austin and sister, Julia, spent Sunday afternoon at John Fisher's.

Those who attended the harvest social at John Toneyett's report a good time.

Rev. D. N. Wetzel, formerly of Baltimore, Md., will preach at the Christian church at Center Sunday afternoon at 2:30.

PORTER

Porter, Oct. 11.—Miss Agnes Boss of Emerald Grove was the guest of her brother, Frank, and family a few days this week.

Miss Ella Ford is home from Rockford, where she has spent the summer.

Mrs. Dan Murphy and daughter, Mrs. Scanlan of Brooklyn, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Murphy recently.

Miss Mamie Dooley of Footville is spending the week with her cousin, Mrs. A. Nichols.

Mrs. Thos. Richardson of Evansville was the guest of Miss Erna Bratt a few days last week.

Martin Crook and family of Green County spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Susie Pusple is entertaining a cousin and her little boy from Chicago.

Charles Brown hauled four loads of barley to parties in Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Demrow visited with friends in East Center Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyons is visiting her daughter in Edgerton.

Mrs. Charles Crall attended a meeting of the Grange Society in West Center Saturday.

School is progressing finely undercounty spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Susie Pusple is entertaining a cousin and her little boy from Chicago.

Charles Brown hauled four loads of barley to parties in Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Demrow visited with friends in East Center Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyons is visiting her daughter in Edgerton.

Mrs. Charles Crall attended a meeting of the Grange Society in West Center Saturday.

School is progressing finely undercounty spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Susie Pusple is entertaining a cousin and her little boy from Chicago.

Charles Brown hauled four loads of barley to parties in Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Demrow visited with friends in East Center Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyons is visiting her daughter in Edgerton.

Mrs. Charles Crall attended a meeting of the Grange Society in West Center Saturday.

School is progressing finely undercounty spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Susie Pusple is entertaining a cousin and her little boy from Chicago.

Charles Brown hauled four loads of barley to parties in Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Demrow visited with friends in East Center Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyons is visiting her daughter in Edgerton.

Mrs. Charles Crall attended a meeting of the Grange Society in West Center Saturday.

School is progressing finely undercounty spent Sunday at Frank Boss'.

COLLECTS NOTES FOR STATE

Over \$52,000 Is Paid to Successor of Auditor Sherrick.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—John S. Reed, representative of the state, who holds the securities turned over by former Auditor of State David E. Sherrick when he resigned on the demand of the governor, received \$52,636.34, the amount due on the notes of W. S. Wickard and the J. H. Murry Lumber company. This reduces the amount still owed to the state to \$61,000.

The frost has held off so long that it has given the farmers a good chance to get everything harvested and now they are wishing for rain to give them a chance to get their fall plowing done.

Willie Gardiner arrived home from North Dakota last Tuesday night after an absence of three weeks.

East Center, Oct. 11.—Mrs. David Lowry has returned from a two weeks' visit in

THE YOKE

A Romance of the Days When the Lord Redeemed the Children of Israel From the Bondage of Egypt
By Elizabeth Miller

Copyright, 1904, by the Bobbs-Merrill Company

CHAPTER XXX.

THROUGH THE RED SEA.

THE voices of the storm found harmonious tones of different pitch and swelled in glorious accord from the faintest breath of melody to an almighty blast that stunned the senses with stupendous harmony. Then the chord seemed to melt and lose itself in the wild dissonances of the hurricane.

The tumult of Israel began to subside, growing fainter, ceasing among the ranks nearest the sea, falling toward the rear, dying away like a sigh up and down the long encampment. The people that had been on their knees rose slowly. The bleating of the flocks quieted into stillness. Commotion ceased, and Israel held its breath.

The lawgiver had passed from among them, and those that followed him with their eyes saw that he was moving toward the sea, seemingly at the very limit of the outer radiance and still going on. First to one and then to another became apparent that the extent of the illuminated beach was widening. Hither and thither over the multitude the intelligence ran in whispers or by glances. Having showed his neighbor, each looked again. Ripple worn sand, shells, barnacle covered rocks, slowly came within the pale of the radiance, and Moses moved with it. Eight stalwart Hebrews, bearing a funeral ark, shrouded with a purple pall, fringed with gold, emerged from among the people and, taking a place in front of the lawgiver, walked confidently down the sand toward the east.

The radiance progressed step by step. Wet rocks entered the glow, lines of seaweed, immense drifts of debris, the brink of the ledge, the shadow before it, and then a sandy bottom.

A long line of old men, two abreast, the wind making the picture awesome as it tossed their beards and gray robes, followed the lawgiver. After these several litters borne by young men proceeded in imposing order.

Except for the raving of the tempest there was no sound in Israel.

A double file of camels with sumptuous housings moved with dignified and毫不hasty tread after the litters. By this time the foremost ranks of the procession were some distance ahead, the limit of radiance just in advance and lighting with special tenderness the funeral ark. Here were the bones of that noblest son of Jacob. Having brought Israel into Egypt, Joseph was leading it forth again.

Pools lighted by the ray glowed like sheets of gold, darkling here and there with shadow; long ledges of rock, bearded with deep water growth, sparkled rarely in the light; stretches of golden sand, colored with salts of the waters and littered with curious fish life, lay between.

Where was the sea?

After the camels followed a score of mules, little and trim in contrast to the tall sluggish beasts ahead of them. They were burden bearing animals, precious among Israel, for they were laden with the records of the tribes, much treasure in jewels and fine stuffs, incense, writing materials and such things as the people would need and were not to be had from among them or like to be found in the places to which they might come. These passed, and their drivers with them.

The next moment Kenkenes was caught in the center of a rushing wave of humanity. He fought off the consternation that threatened to seize him and tried to care for himself, but a reed on the breast of the Nile at flood could not have been more helpless. Behind Israel were the Egyptians, ahead of it miraculous escape; the one impulse of the multitude was flight. That any remembered his mate or his children, his goods, his treasure or his cattle was a marvel.

The foremost ranks, moving in directly behind the leaders, had adopted their pace. Furthermore, as the advance guard they had a greater sense of security, and before them was all the east open for flight. Not so with the hindmost. They were near the dreaded place from which the army would descend. Ahead of them was a desolate host, with them soul consuming fear and panic. The rear rushed, the forward ranks walked, and the center, caught between, was jammed into a compact mass.

Neither halt nor escape was possible. Press as the hindmost might upon those forward, the pace was slackened instead of quickened. The advance grew slower as it extended back through the ranks, for each succeeding line lost a modicum in the length of the step till at the rear they were pushing hard and barely moving. No wonder they sobbed, prayed, panted, surged, swayed and pressed. How they reviled the small-like leaders, not knowing that the sturdy pace lagged in the body of the multitude! So they hastened and progressed only inch by inch.

After the first moment of battle against the human sea Kenkenes recognized the futility of resistance and suffered himself to be borne along. There was no turning back now, had he been so disposed. He had left behind him his purposes unaccomplished.

He had received no explicit promise from Moses, and if he had given ear to the doubts of his own reason he might have been surely afraid, much troubled for Egypt and all he loved therein. But he went with the multitude passively, even contentedly. He did not



DEEP CHANNEL IN MISSISSIPPI

Congress Is Urged to Maintain Six-Foot Waterway in the River.

FAVOR RESERVOIR SYSTEM

Association Will Devote Its Efforts to Developing Reserve Supply at the Headwaters Under Direction of Senator Washburn.

speculate how his God would fight for him. His faith was perfect.

As for his presence with Israel, no one heeded him. Sometimes it came his way to be helpful. An old man lost his feet and, becoming palsied, was soothed only when the young Egyptian put a strong arm about him and held him till his feet touched earth again. Children became heavy in the arms of parents, and the little Hebrews had no fear of the young man who carried them awhile instead.

In the early hours of the morning, having become so accustomed to the roar of the wind and the sound of the moving multitude, Kenkenes ceased to be conscious of it. Other sounds, which hours before would have failed to reach his ears, became distinct. The crying of tired children reached him, and he detected even snatches of talk among the ranks some distance away from him. Thus a clamor of noise, secondary in force, grew about him. Above it all at last came a sound that would have made him half if he could.

He tried to think it one of the many voices of the storm, but the second time he heard it he knew what it was.

Far to the rear a trumpet call, beautiful and spirited, rose upon the air.

The Egyptian army was in pursuit!

Israel heard it and, crying aloud in its terror, swept forward as if the trumpet call had commanded it. Kenkenes felt a quickening of pulse, a momentary tremor, but no more.

He became conscious finally of a warmth penetrating his sandals. He knew that he had been struggling up a slope for a long time, and now he realized that he was again on the dry, sun-heated sand of the desert. The multitude ceased to crowd, the pressure about him diminished, the ranks began to widen to his left and right, the leaders halted together, and, though there was still much movement among the body and rear of the host, people turned to look upon their neighbors.

The overhanging cloud parted from the eastern horizon, leaving a strip of sky softly lighted by the coming morn. Without any preliminary diaphanization of its force, the wind failed entirely.

Kenkenes, with many others, looked back and saw that the pillar, illuminated, but no longer illuminating, had halted above a solitary figure of seemingly superhuman stature in the morning gray standing on an eminence overlooking the sea.

The arm was uplifted and outstretched, tense and motionless.

From his superior height Kenkenes saw over the heads of the immense

Sheep's Wool as Barometer.

Shepherds believe the wool on a sheep's back is an unfailing barometer. The curlier the wool the finer will be the weather.

Officers Are Elected.

Old officers of the association were re-elected and vice presidents were chosen as follows:

President—Thomas Wilkinson, Burlington, Iowa.

Secretary—Lewis B. Boswell, Quincy, Ill.

Treasurer—J. P. Echart, Guttenberg, Iowa.

Vice Presidents—Illinois, C. W. Williamson, Quincy; Missouri, L. M. Mason, St. Louis; Iowa, Alonzo Bryson, Davenport; Minnesota, S. R. Van Sant, St. Paul; Wisconsin, John C. Burns, La Crosse.

The association perfected a permanent organization and provided for membership of individuals. A resolution was passed calling for local educational public meetings in all the cities interested during the months of November and December.

WARN AGAINST BITE OF GIRL

German Scientist Says Wound May Be Worse Than Snake's.

Middletown, Conn., Oct. 12.—Prof. W. D. Miller of the University of Berlin at Wesleyan announced in a lecture that a bite of a pretty girl would often bring a quicker and more horrible death than the bite of a serpent. Prof. Miller, who has made a special study of the bacteria of the mouth, said that only a short time ago he experimented on a beautiful girl in Germany and found that an arrow dipped in saliva from her mouth would send its victim in death throes more terrible than one dipped in the venom of the most deadly snake.

FEDERAL JUDGE ON THE RACK

Department of Justice Gets Charges Made Against Baker of Indiana.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The charge of soliciting and accepting campaign contributions in the campaign of 1902 made against United States Circuit Judge Baker of Indiana by the civil service commission has been referred to the Department of Justice by the commission. In connection with the reference the commission gave out an official statement of the case, in which it was said "the statute of limitation is the only defense which can be opposed to the charge."

Yellow Jack Frozen Out.

New Orleans, Oct. 12.—Little more attention will be paid to yellow fever here. Frost as far south as Fort Smith, Ark., means that quarantines will now more rapidly disappear and fumigation and sanitary forces are being dismissed.

Jap Dines Harriman.

Tokio, Oct. 12.—Premier Katsura of Japan gave a dinner in Tokio in honor of E. H. Harriman. Miss Alice Roosevelt attended the garden party which Count Inouye gave at his residence in honor of Mr. Harriman.

Coreans Are Starving.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Mail advices from Corea say thousands of peasants are starving. The Japanese officials are blamed.

Women Demand Full Pay.

New York, Oct. 12.—Women teachers have begun a campaign for equal pay with men teachers.

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

A LITTLE CHILL! A BIG COLD!

Painkiller

DRUGS

252
Home Health Club
 By DAVID H. REEDER, M.D., M.D.
 LaPorte, Ind.

HELPING OTHERS.

In Club Notes I recently asked that anyone who knew of a good home remedy for any of the ills of life should tell me of it so that I might tell all of the readers. Some who may need just that remedy will read it and be grateful to you for many years for the kindly help which you have given.

Not long ago there was a meeting here at the headquarters of the club of some of the more earnest and thoughtful members, and some of the noted men and women who have subscribed to the special report of the meeting expressed the belief that the Home Health club has been and is now one of the most powerful factors for good that has appeared for many years. Time, labor and expense have not been spared to make the club work the most helpful and practical possible, and while you and I may never know who nor how many suffering ones we may help, yet we have the consciousness of having given to suffering ones the means which have been tried and tested, of relieving pain.

Moorehead.—Dr. David H. Reeder, LaPorte, Ind.—Kind Sir: "Ringworm of the scalp is essentially the same disease as ringworm of the skin; it consists in the growth of a microscopic vegetable which causes a slight inflammation and irritation of the surrounding skin. In consequence of the presence of the hairs, however, ringworm of the scalp is a far more obstinate affection than ringworm on parts of the body not covered with a thick growth of hair, for these microscopic plants grown down into the little sacs or follicles which surround the roots of the hairs; hence it is far more difficult to destroy and eradicate the parasites when they acquire a foothold on the scalp than it is when they grow upon the surface of the skin elsewhere."

"Favus" is caused by another vegetable parasite, a member of the fungus family of plants, the achorion schoenlinii. This parasite grows only on the hairy parts of the body as a rule; it occasionally appears on the other parts of the skin. In this disease crusts are formed in and around the hairs; they are often matted together so as to constitute an enormous scab over a large part of the whole of the scalp. These crusts are of a yellowish color, often somewhat saucer-shaped, and are pierced in the middle by a hair. When the crusts are removed there is observed underneath a reddish surface from which the skin has been separated; in bad cases deep ulcers are found underneath the crusts. When these masses are removed by treatment the skin heals again, but in many cases the sites of the disease remain permanently bald. This results from the fact that the hair follicles are entirely destroyed by the growth of the parasite. In aggravated cases where the disease has been neglected for months or years, the entire scalp may be absolutely devoid of hair."

The Home Health club will help any and all, and in many cases during the past years has turned despair into joy and despondency into brightness and happiness. Life in its fullness with gladness and happy faces, hope for future and helpfulness to others is the portion of the Home Health club members. The watchword of the club has always been: "Pass It On." You have been helped. Tell it to others, get them to subscribe for this paper and they will then come into the circle of Home Health club influence and may at any time receive help also. Write to me of your ills and I will try to help you. Write to me of what has helped you and I will tell it to many thousands.

CLUB NOTES.

Hartville.—Dr. David H. Reeder, LaPorte, Ind.—Dear Doctor: I wish to consult you regarding my little boy, aged six. When he was two years old he was stricken with paralysis. It came on all at once. He seemed cross all day and at night staggered when he walked. The next morning he could not walk at all and for over a year he did not walk, but crawled around. At first when he sat in his chair he would twist his head and neck as though his back hurt him. After he had been this way about a year he began to walk again a little at a time. He now gets around quite well, but one leg is somewhat shorter than the other which seems to be all right. He cannot move the toes of the one foot but very little, and if allowed to go barefoot he walks on the outside of his foot.

One doctor told me that it was caused by an adherent prepuce. Another doctor said it was a dislocation in his spine. Our family doctor laughed at both these ideas and said that no doctor could tell what caused it. What is your opinion? Can it be entirely cured? Our doctor says the only thing to do is to let him exercise and nature do the rest. Respectfully, J. P.

The description which you have given is fairly accurate, but the method of treatment is practically valueless. The Home Health club treatment of ringworm is given in Volume II of the club books, and I am quite certain that if you apply the treatment described you will be relieved. I have also written you privately as to further home treatment.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for any information pertaining to the subject of health. Address all communications to the Home Health Club or Dr. David H. Reeder, LaPorte, Ind., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

be very much appreciated. Very truly, Mrs. E.

Every night just before retiring drink a large cupful of very hot milk, not boiled, but heated just to the boiling point, and sip it slowly with a teaspoon. Eat no meat at the evening meal but take plenty of juicy ripe fruits. For breakfast, among other wholesome foods, eat a generous dish of stewed prunes or apples. Drink no tea or coffee. If a hot drink is desired, let it be hot milk or chocolate. Do not drink while food is in the mouth, but masticate all of your food thoroughly. For dessert at the noon-day meal, eat rice custard, rice pudding, or other dishes of rice with cream and then eat about one ounce of almond nut meats. The skins of the meats should be removed by scalding and the meats should then be browned, buttered and salted or browned and dipped in sweet chocolate. Drink an abundance of pure water between meals and breathe plenty of fresh air both night and day.

The face must be carefully washed with warm soft water and soap every night before retiring and after carefully drying apply a lotion composed of glycerine and witch hazel, equal parts; this will overcome the blackheads if the washing is thorough. Follow this regime and your complexion will not only be perfect, but, if you don't worry, you will take on flesh and be as plump and rosy as you desire.

Moorehead.—Dr. David H. Reeder, LaPorte, Ind.—Kind Sir: "Ringworm of the scalp is essentially the same disease as ringworm of the skin; it consists in the growth of a microscopic vegetable which causes a slight inflammation and irritation of the surrounding skin. In consequence of the presence of the hairs, however, ringworm of the scalp is a far more obstinate affection than ringworm on parts of the body not covered with a thick growth of hair, for these microscopic plants grown down into the little sacs or follicles which surround the roots of the hairs; hence it is far more difficult to destroy and eradicate the parasites when they acquire a foothold on the scalp than it is when they grow upon the surface of the skin elsewhere."

"Favus" is caused by another vegetable parasite, a member of the fungus family of plants, the achorion schoenlinii. This parasite grows only on the hairy parts of the body as a rule; it occasionally appears on the other parts of the skin. In this disease crusts are formed in and around the hairs; they are often matted together so as to constitute an enormous scab over a large part of the whole of the scalp. These crusts are of a yellowish color, often somewhat saucer-shaped, and are pierced in the middle by a hair. When the crusts are removed there is observed underneath a reddish surface from which the skin has been separated; in bad cases deep ulcers are found underneath the crusts. When these masses are removed by treatment the skin heals again, but in many cases the sites of the disease remain permanently bald. This results from the fact that the hair follicles are entirely destroyed by the growth of the parasite. In aggravated cases where the disease has been neglected for months or years, the entire scalp may be absolutely devoid of hair."

The above is copied from the "Practical Physician" and gives a description of the trouble I have. Have had it for several years, on my forehead for about three years. Have not seen any doctors for it, and the only thing I have used is tincture of iodine—but no cure. Have taken blood medicines, but it is no disease of the blood. Washing it seems also to do more harm than good. If you can form an idea of what my trouble is from these lines, hope to hear from you. The two diseases, by the description, are so much alike, that I mentioned both. Respectfully, J. P.

The description which you have given is fairly accurate, but the method of treatment is practically valueless. The Home Health club treatment of ringworm is given in Volume II of the club books, and I am quite certain that if you apply the treatment described you will be relieved. I have also written you privately as to further home treatment.

During their war with Russia the Japanese took pictures of the Russian prisoners and their surroundings in Japan and with the aid of kites scattered them among the Russian soldiers in camp, in order to show the contrast between their hardships and the comforts enjoyed by the prisoners.

When Two Philosophers Meet. "What's the difference between being married an' bein' in jail?" asked the Pohick Philosopher.

"There's a heap o' difference," replied the sage of Plunkville. "A man in jail kin get some time off fer good behavior."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Gentle Nature in Japan. In Japan all animals appear to be tame and approach man without fear; the boars don't sting, the snakes preserve their venom, the dogs bite not. It looks as if the spirit of kindness and toleration which distinguishes the race has been extended to the brute creation.

Cost of Feeding Animals. The cost of feeding animals in the London Zoo last year was \$17,000. The principal items of food were 207 horses, 270 goats, 34,921 pounds of fish, 25,196 eggs, 6,855 quarts of milk, and 107 loads of hay.

Another Old Story Upset.

It having been determined that (1) practically everybody has pneumococci germs in his mouth, and that (2) sunlight kills these germs, it arouses a suspicion that the theory of the wisdom of keeping one's mouth shut has been a bit overworked.—Indianapolis News.

**WARN BANKERS
TO BE CAREFUL**

Vanderlip Says Danger Lurks in the Bright Financial Situation.

UPSET IN STOCK SPECULATION

Urge Conservatism and Prudence in the Handling of Securities, Which Would Surely Bring Disaster If Reverses Came.

**THOMAS F. BAKER
CLAIMED BY DEATH**

Passed Away Shortly Before Noon Today—Was a Soldier of the Thirteenth Wisconsin.

As the result of a paralytic stroke received about a week ago, Thomas F. Baker, one of Janesville's most well known citizens, died at eleven-thirty o'clock this morning, at his home, 410 South Bluff street. The deceased was a member of the Thirteenth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry and served with that regiment during the war of the rebellion. There is left to mourn his death a widow. Announcement of the funeral will be made later.

Josephine Violetta Shaw

Josephine Violetta Shaw, the eight months' old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Shaw, passed away last evening at half-past ten o'clock at the home of her parents on Pleasant street. The funeral services will be from the home at two o'clock Sunday afternoon. Burial will be in Oak Hill cemetery.

Miss Amanda Herkimer

Funeral services over the remains of the late Miss Amanda Herkimer were held at two-thirty o'clock this afternoon from the home, 152 South Academy street. Rev. R. M. Vaughan was the officiating clergyman and burial was in Oak Hill cemetery.

The National Association of Stationers and Manufacturers, in session in St. Louis yesterday, elected John A. Schlener of Minneapolis, Minn., president of the organization.

Charles Lacey, the son of George E. Lacey of Newark, N. J., who recently mysteriously disappeared, has been found in Burlington, Iowa, by the police.

Defends Industrial Combines.

Mr. Vanderlip said that greatly increased income, diminishing liabilities and the provision of ample working capital had worked marvels in the way of prosperity for the agricultural communities during recent years.

In the same time similar conditions had developed in the industrial field and narrowness of outlook and lack of coordination which led to the wasteful duplication of plants and a vast expenditure of capital had given way to more intelligent management.

In the earlier stages, he said, many of these combinations of industries, which had been swept together under hastily considered plans, were properly open to criticism. He believed, however, that evidence had accumulated to prove that the men who had formed these great corporations had shown true wisdom and that the improvement already foreshadowed in the income accounts and balance sheets was but an indication of what yet may come.

Must Have Foreign Markets.

He called attention to the necessity of ceaselessly prosecuting the struggle for foreign markets and said he believed increasing opposition in the way of duties would be met after every succeeding meeting of the continental parliaments.

The case with which the financial world withstood the strain of a war which cost the combatant nations \$2,000,000,000, Mr. Vanderlip said, he believed was due to the greatly increased production of gold in recent years. To this increased production he also gave the credit for the recovery from industrial depression during the last three years.

At the same time he expressed the belief that in this very increase there was a possible future disturbance of values. Should the present rate of production continue he believed the volume of money in the world would double in twenty years, with the result that prices of many commodities would be greatly increased—possibly doubled.

Effect of Gold on Trade.

While the increase in the supply of money would tend to advance the price of real property, however, the price of an obligation repayable in money would not advance. Thus all persons having a fixed income, persons receiving a fixed salary, or wage earners generally, would be at a disadvantage, for their incomes would not tend to increase as rapidly as the purchasing power of their incomes decreased.

He believed, however, that the theory of the classical economists, that with the doubling of the gold stock would come a doubling of prices, would not hold entirely good. Such a result, he thought, would be prevented by my exploitation of virgin fields of development, such as followed the discovery of great quantities of gold in Mexico, Peru, California and Australia, and that the next few years would witness the expansion of the field of commercial enterprise into many new places.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

Globe.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle, looking up from the letter in her hand. "He says he has bought a French clock and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? None of us can tell the time, by it unless you can, Edith. You know something about French, don't you?"

—Boston Transcript.

Another Old Story Upset.

It having been determined that (1) practically everybody has pneumococci germs in his mouth, and that (2) sunlight kills these germs, it arouses a suspicion that the theory of the wisdom of keeping one's mouth shut has been a bit overworked.—Indianapolis News.

The Foxy Japs.

During their war with Russia the Japanese took pictures of the Russian prisoners and their surroundings in Japan and with the aid of kites scattered them among the Russian soldiers in camp, in order to show the contrast between their hardships and the comforts enjoyed by the prisoners.

Two Philosophers Meet.

"What's the difference between being married an' bein' in jail?" asked the Pohick Philosopher.

"There's a heap o' difference," replied the sage of Plunkville. "A man in jail kin get some time off fer good behavior."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

—Boston Transcript.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle, looking up from the letter in her hand. "He says he has bought a French clock and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? None of us can tell the time, by it unless you can, Edith. You know something about French, don't you?"

—Boston Transcript.

The Foxy Japs.

During their war with Russia the Japanese took pictures of the Russian prisoners and their surroundings in Japan and with the aid of kites scattered them among the Russian soldiers in camp, in order to show the contrast between their hardships and the comforts enjoyed by the prisoners.

Two Philosophers Meet.

"What's the difference between being married an' bein' in jail?" asked the Pohick Philosopher.

"There's a heap o' difference," replied the sage of Plunkville. "A man in jail kin get some time off fer good behavior."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

—Boston Transcript.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle, looking up from the letter in her hand. "He says he has bought a French clock and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? None of us can tell the time, by it unless you can, Edith. You know something about French, don't you?"

—Boston Transcript.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

—Boston Transcript.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle, looking up from the letter in her hand. "He says he has bought a French clock and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? None of us can tell the time, by it unless you can, Edith. You know something about French, don't you?"

—Boston Transcript.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

—Boston Transcript.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle, looking up from the letter in her hand. "He says he has bought a French clock and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? None of us can tell the time, by it unless you can, Edith. You know something about French, don't you?"

—Boston Transcript.

The Simple Life.

The millionaire element has been a bad influence in our midst only so far as it tempted people of just good incomes to ruffle it with the rich. Now, wise men and women are content to leave ostentatious dressing, entertaining and living to the millionaires, and to extract all the comfort they can from their own secure allowance.

—Boston Transcript.

The Time in French.

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Fogle